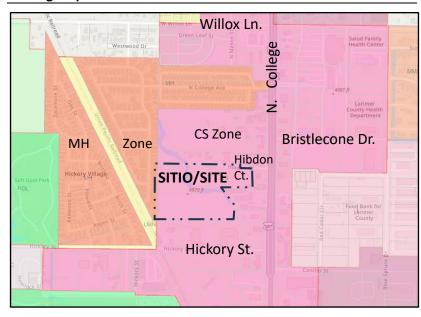
June 24, 2024

Mason Street Infrastructure Preliminary/Final Development Plan

Summary of Request

This is a proposed combined Project Development Plan/Final Development Plan, #FDP230016, for infrastructure improvements associated with a new segment of North Mason Street extending south from Hibdon Court.

Zoning Map



Land Use Code

This project was submitted and reviewed under the pre-May 2025 Land Use Code.

Next Steps

If this development plan is approved, then final plan documents can be signed and recorded per typical Final Development Plan procedure. Applicants will then be able to proceed with permits for construction.

Location

Hibdon Court and the existing access drive north of Hickory Street, on the west side of the North College Avenue corridor. Parcel #'s 9702100918 and 9702100007.

Property Owner

North College 1311, LLC 262 E. Mountain Avenue Fort Collins, Colorado 80524

Applicant/Representative

Klara Rossouw Ripley Design Inc. 419 Canyon Avenue Ste. 200 Fort Collins, CO 80521

Clark Mapes, City Planner

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Staff Recommendation

Approval of the PDP/FDP with a condition noting that the FDP will not receive City signature until all Final Development Plan requirements are met as determined by the Director of Community Development and Neighborhood Services, including but not limited to the acquisition of all required utility easements and execution of a development agreement.



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1. Project Introduction

A. PROJECT DESCRIPTION

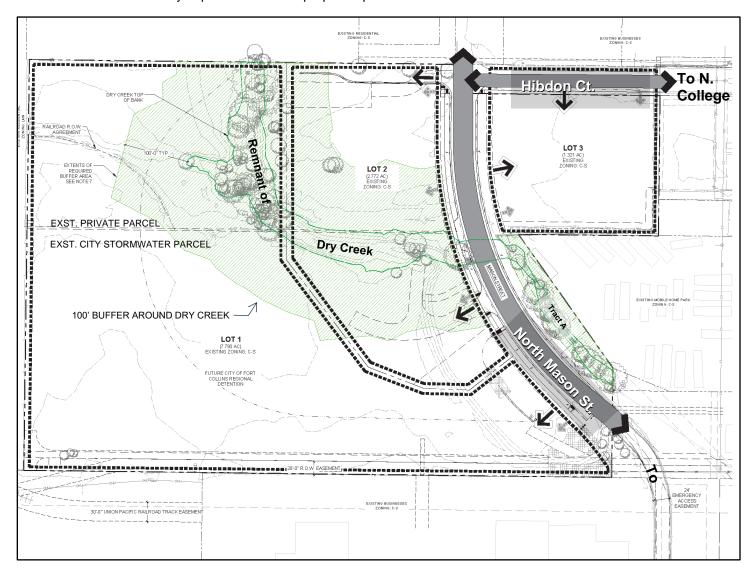
Combined PDP/FDP. The combined FDP aspect of this development plan reflects the fact that the applicants have worked out plan details to the degree that there is no benefit to a separate subsequent application for an FDP. If this PDP/FDP is approved, staff will then continue to process the Final Plan including proceedings to obtain and record any easements, execute a Development Agreement, sign the plans and record the subdivision plat, per typical FDP procedure.

The Site. The site is situated around an access drive that would become a new segment of North Mason Street and Hibdon Court, north of Hickory Street on the west side of North College Avenue.



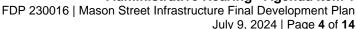


Approved Overall Development Plan. This PDP/FDP (proposed development plan) for infrastructure follows an Overall Development Plan (ODP) for the infrastructure which was approved by the Planning and Zoning Commission on February 15, 2024. The 3-sheet ODP shows general infrastructure parameters to guide subsequent multiple development plans, starting with this one. The image below is the ODP site plan which is directly implemented in the proposed plan.



The proposed development plan includes the following main components:

A subdivision plat that creates three lots and street right-of-way for the new segment of North Mason Street, consistent with the ODP shown above. It also identifies a residual tract on the east side of the street as Tract A. Lot 1 will be used for a City regional detention pond known as Hickory Pond. Lots 2 and 3 are zoned for a wide range of uses for potential future development. Lot 2 has a development plan currently submitted in review for a homeless shelter. Tract A was part of the existing City stormwater parcel before the access drive separated it, and it remains in City ownership with future disposition to be determined outside the scope of this plan.





The 3 lots are a reconfiguration of two land parcels involving a transaction between the owners of the two parcels—the applicant and the City stormwater department. Negotiation of the transaction has involved significant exploration of stormwater drainage and detention needs on Lot 1.

- Grading design for stormwater drainage and the detention pond which will be constructed by the
 applicants and owned by the City. The pond provides interim, partial construction of a long-planned
 regional pond that would be expanded in a future City capital project. The ultimate pond would be
 part of a whole system for storm drainage on the west side of the North College corridor area, at the
 southern end of the larger Dry Creek drainage basin which extends north of the city almost to the
 Wyoming border.
- Removal of the existing asphalt drive across the property. The drive is currently in an access
 easement.
- Construction of underground utilities including water, sewer, storm drainage, and electric utilities, mostly within the new street right-of-way and also including off-site easements.
- Construction of the new segment of North Mason Street across the subject property, with a transition to the existing drive southward to Hickory
- A separate process is proceeding to acquire off-site easements and right-of-way to connect to
 existing public utility systems. This FDP will not be signed and recorded nor a development
 construction permit issued until these off-site rights are established.
- A Natural Habitat Buffer Zone (NHBZ) for the vestigial remnant of Dry Creek that crosses the site.
 The NHBZ preserves parts of the existing channel and its vegetation; and includes a mitigation area with landscape restoration to mitigate loss of part of the channel.

B. DEVELOPMENT STATUS/BACKGROUND

1. Annexation & Original Development

The land was annexed as part of the 1959 North College Annex. The North College corridor area was divided up and developed on the outskirts of the city, across the river and train tracks, on floodplain land, with property owners building private water and sewer systems, throughout much of the 20th century both before and after annexing into the City. Parcels along the highway developed as a commercial strip of highway-oriented buildings, with full-movement vehicle access to every parcel and no defined street edge improvements or coordinated drainage system. Original ad hoc development included little to no attention to rear areas behind the highway frontage in terms of infrastructure or integrated City development.

The corridor served early automobile tourist traffic with motels and auto courts; and also served as a lower-rent business incubator area and lower-income housing area with several mobile home parks.

2. Planning

In the 1990s, the community began to show interest in comprehensive planning to better integrate the North College corridor with the rest of the city south of the river.

The first North College Corridor Plan was adopted in 1995 and updated in 2006. Retrofitting an extension of Mason Street west of North College Avenue, including utilities that would go into the right-of-way, has been a basic part of all planning for the evolving corridor.

Relatedly, planning for flood improvements and retrofitting a drainage system into the corridor has been a significant continuous effort since the early 2000s and continuing today and into the future.

Extensive City planning and investment has led to dozens of incremental improvements in the corridor totaling many tens of millions of dollars including a 2016 North College Improvements capital project that built the existing access drive across the property as a related part of streetscape improvements on North College Avenue.



3. Dry Creek

An isolated remnant of Dry Creek runs across the subject property. Dry Creek was a significant tributary of the Poudre River prior to original settlement within the Dry Creek drainage basin; and prior to land development in the North College corridor throughout the 1900s. Original development of the North College corridor was built up across the creek and its floodplain, virtually eliminating the channel and most evidence of it. The remnants of the channel on the site are among a few intermittent vestiges of the creek. A major City capital project upstream removed the FEMA regulatory floodplain in the 2004-2008 timeframe.



4. Surrounding Zoning and Land Use

	North	South	East	West
Zoning	Service Commercial (CS)	Service Commercial (CS)	Service Commercial (CS)	Manufactured Housing (MH)
Land Use	Two houses, auto repair with outdoor storage, Montclair mobile homes with outdoor storage	Industrial operations (steel supply)	Commercial buildings along the highway, Stonecrest mobile homes	Mobile Home Parks North College Mobile Plaza and Hickory Village



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C. OVERVIEW OF MAIN ISSUES IN STAFF'S REVIEW

This is an engineering project to retrofit drainage, underground utilities, and a new street segment into an area with older existing land division and development lacking infrastructure. Main issues have included:

- Collaboration between the City and applicant team on interrelated objectives, starting with a land transaction to reconfigure the two existing parcels into three lots; and also including needs for off-site easements and right-of-way to extend connections to City systems that do not currently reach the site.
- Design of the earthwork, involving the majority of Lot 1 and Lot 2, with excavation for the interim Hickory detention pond and the material used to raise Lot 2 with fill to accommodate future building construction and paving, while preserving a portion of the Dry Creek channel.
- The exact alignment of the segment of North Mason Street across the property, which is widened from a 24-foot drive in an access easement, to a street with a 71-foot right-of-way.
- Fitting and connecting new water, sewer, storm drain pipes, and electric service into the complicated arrangement of existing development in the area.
- Identifying a Natural Habitat Buffer Zone (NHBZ) to meet code standards.
- Dealing with a narrow tract of property on the east side of the new street which is part of the plan, called Tract A. This property looks and functions as part of the abutting mobile home park on the east, with the mobile home development encroaching onto it, but it is actually part of the existing City-owned parcel. It was physically separated from the rest of the parcel when the access drive was built. It contains a small remnant of Dry Creek with a line of cottonwood trees that define the edge of the mobile home property and it is considered to be part of the NHBZ in the plan.

Resolving the private development encroachment onto Tract A is a peripheral issue relative to the infrastructure plan, but it required extensive research and consideration of alternative approaches to appropriate ownership and maintenance. Final resolution remains to be determined and extends beyond the scope of this plan. In the plan, the City simply continues to own it in its existing condition.

2. Comprehensive Plan

The Land Use Code's purpose statement, per Section 1.2.2(a), is to ensure that all growth and development that occurs is consistent with City Plan, and its adopted components – which for this project includes the North College Corridor Plan. The following analysis further describe the project's consistency with City Plan and the corridor plan in terms of the project's specific alignment with and impact on progress towards the guiding vision and policies presented in such plans.

A. CITY PLAN (2019)

The City's comprehensive plan, City Plan, was developed with the participation of thousands of community members and "articulates the community's vision and core values; and establishes the overall policy foundation" to provide "high-level policy direction" towards achieving a shared community vision of growth and transportation throughout the City.

B. NORTH COLLEGE CORRIDOR PLAN (2006)

The North College Corridor Plan is an adopted element of City Plan with much more specific, pertinent policy direction tailored to the circumstances of the area. It specifically describes the need to evolve a more complete network of streets, providing public access and utilities, behind the highway frontage. It emphasizes the need to adapt citywide standards to fit specific circumstances when retrofitting streets into existing developed and partially developed areas.

Relatedly, it explains that "Almost any (re)development project has multiple infrastructure needs and one requirement leads to another, all the way down to the lack of a drainage system for the entire area. While a drainage system is not an end in itself, it is perhaps the first priority in land development." It explains the



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issue and need in detail, and notes that a drainage system report was done in the same time frame as the corridor plan.

And likewise, it explains the need and issues related to other utility infrastructure which is aging or lacking.

A number of infrastructure improvements have been completed consistent with the plan since 2006, with one example being the alley-like access drive which will become a segment of North Mason Street.

The proposed plan is directly consistent with the corridor plan.

3. Land Use Code Article 1

A. PURPOSE (SECTION 1.2.2)

Land Use Code Section 1.2.2 lists a wide range of over-arching, high-level objectives (i.e., "reducing energy consumption and demand") that are further developed and implemented in Articles 1 through 7 of the Land Use Code to ensure that proposed development meets the overall purpose to "improve and protect the public health, safety, and welfare" of the community.

As they may apply to the subject property and proposed project, the following sections of this report describe design elements of the proposed development plan that provide evidence of and the degree to which compliance would be achieved relative to the specific and enumerated standards within the Land Use Code.

The requirements, standards, and definitions contained in Articles 1 through 7 of the Land Use Code have been crafted to fulfill and implement the stated purpose of this Code in § 1.2.2. By satisfying the purposes statements, and meeting the applicable specific requirements, standards, and definitions set forth in Articles 1 through 7, this project demonstrates consistency with Land Use Code § 1.2.2 (B) through (O) to the extent (B) through (O) are applicable to this project.

4. Land Use Code Article 2

A. DIVISION 2.2 – DEVELOPMENT REVIEW PROCEDURES

Applicable Code Standard	Summary of Code Requirement and Staff Analysis	Staff Findings
2.2.1-2.2.8 Procedural Steps	These subsections outline the required steps for processing development applications. Pertinent steps have been: Preliminary Design Review	Complies
	A Preliminary Design Review meeting for the original concept for this infrastructure and a Fort Collins Rescue Mission development held on October 14, 2022.	
	First Application Submittal: May 24, 2023.	
	Neighborhood Meeting: May 10, 2023.	
	Notice (Posted, Written and Published)	
	 Posted Notice: Sign posted June 7, 2023, Sign #740. Written Hearing Notice: May 21, 2024, 1187 addresses mailed. Published Hearing Notice: May 26, 2024. 	



5. Land Use Code Article 3 – General Development Standards

Only a few of the Sections in Article 3 pertain to the plan, involving engineering infrastructure and landscaping.

A. DIVISION 3.2 - SITE PLANNING AND DESIGN STANDARDS

Applicable Code Standards	Summary of Code Requirement and Analysis	Staff Findings
3.2.1 Landscaping and Tree Protection	The standards of this Section require development plans to demonstrate a comprehensive approach to landscaping that restores all areas disturbed by construction and enhances the appearance and function of the development and the neighborhood.	Complies
3.2.1(D) – Tree Planting	The plan includes three main landscaping components:	
Standards 3.2.1(D)(1)(c) –	 preservation of parts of the Dry Creek channel and its vegetation, which happen to be the parts most heavily vegetated by native trees; 	
Full Tree Stocking 3.2.1(F) – Tree Preservation	 restoration of the remaining site area which is completely regraded for the functional purposes of the plan, with specialized seed mixes for the gradations of topography from the detention pond to upland areas, with native trees and shrubs in the NHBZ area; and 	
and Mitigation	 Street trees and irrigated turfgrass in the new parkway strip along the west side of the new segment of N. Mason Street abutting Lot 2. 	
	 The plan includes tree mitigation with an inventory of the existing trees on the property conducted in accordance with Forestry and Environmental Planning staff. 14 trees are to be removed; and mitigation for those trees is accounted for with planting of 25 new mitigation trees and fee in lieu provided for 12 trees. 	
3.2.1(J) – Irrigation	This Section requires automatic irrigation of landscape plantings, with plans to be approved prior to construction. Irrigation plans are included in the FDP plan set and will be approved by Water Utilities staff prior to construction.	The plan enables compliance at
	 Two separate irrigations systems for vegetation establishment will be installed with this project. The Lot 1 (City) system will be abandoned or removed at the end of the developer's vegetation establishment requirements. The City Utilities department may install a permanent system at the time of final implementation of the Hickory Pond on Lot 1. The Lot 2 system will remain until ultimate development of Lot 2, where it can be modified to meet the needs of the final site. 	Building Permit stage



B. DIVISION 3.3 - ENGINEERING STANDARDS

Applicable Code Standard	Summary of Code Requirement and Analysis	Staff Findings
3.3.1(C) – Public Sites, Reservations	This standard requires the applicant to dedicate rights-of-way for public streets, and all easements needed to serve the area being developed.	Complies
and Dedications	 The project includes a subdivision plat that provides right-of-way for the new segment of North Mason Street, and a complete framework of easements for needed drainage, access, utilities, and temporary construction throughout the plan. 	
	 The utility plans (not the plat) provide design for off-site utility connections with easements and right-of-way to be acquired by the City in a separate process. 	
Section 3.3.2 Development Improvements	This Section requires engineering improvements to be designed and constructed according to the city's various design criteria and standards, and to be approved by the City Engineer prior to construction.	Complies
	This Section also requires a Development Agreement between the applicant and the City in conjunction with signing and recording the FDP with the County Clerk and Recorder.	
	 The utility plan set meets all pertinent criteria and standards including three approved variances for technical details of street design, a Stormwater variance for detention pond overflow design, and a Wastewater (sanitary sewer) variance for minimum slope in the North Mason sewer main design (as directed by Utilities Engineering Staff). 	
	These variances are as determined by the City Engineer and Stormwater staff.	
	 A Development Agreement will be signed and recorded in conjunction with the FDP. 	
Section 3.3.2(D) Improvements Prior to Building Permit	This subsection pertains to Building Permit applications. It requires the infrastructure to be completed per applicable design criteria and standards prior to issuing a permit.	The plan enables compliance at Building Permit stage



3.3.5 Engineering	This Section requires projects to comply with requirements and specifications for the following services as certified by the appropriate agency:	Complies
Design Standards	water supply	
	• sanitary sewer	
	mass transit	
	fire protection	
	flood hazard areas	
	• telephone	
	• walks/bikeways	
	• irrigation companies	
	electricity	
	• natural gas	
	• storm drainage	
	• cable television	
	streets/pedestrians	
	• broadband/fiber optic	
	The plan complies for all of these services that are pertinent to the infrastructure project.	

C. DIVISION 3.4 - ENVIRONMENTAL, NATURAL AREA, RECREATIONAL AND CULTURAL RESOURCE PROTECTION STANDARDS

Applicable Code Standard	Summary of Code Requirement and Analysis	Staff Findings
3.4.1 – Natural Habitats	The purpose of this Section is to ensure that when property is developed, the way in which the physical elements of the development plan are designed and arranged on the site will protect any natural habitats and features on the site.	Complies
	To the maximum extent feasible, the development plan must be compatible with and protect natural habitats and features and the plants and animals that inhabit them and integrate them within the developed landscape of the community by: (1) directing development away from sensitive resources, (2) minimizing impacts and disturbance through the use of buffer zones, (3) enhancing existing conditions, or (4) restoring or replacing the resource value lost to the community (either on-site or off-site) when a development proposal will result in the disturbance of natural habitats or features.	
	It applies when development is proposed within 500 feet of an identified natural habitat or feature. In this case, the remnant of Dry Creek that runs across the property is considered a Natural Habitat Feature in the code.	
	An Ecological Characterization Study (ECS) was done for the site as required to evaluate habitat values and make recommendations regarding protection and restoration. The ECS is attached.	



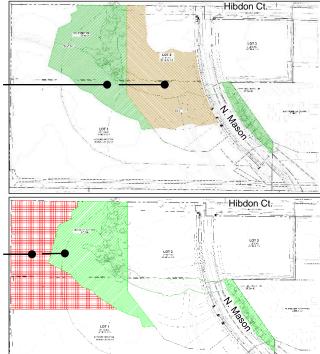
The main findings of the ECS are that wildlife use of the site is low due to the surrounding urban development, seasonal mowing, and dominance by non-native species. The site's potential as a wildlife movement corridor is limited by the lack of flowing water, significant native vegetation or quality surrounding habitat. However, the mature trees located along the drainage channel and southeast boundary of the site provides suitable perching, nesting, and foraging habitat for songbirds and raptors.

The code requires establishment of natural habitat buffer zones (NHBZs) surrounding natural resources. The general standard buffer distance for Dry Creek is 100 feet from the edge of the habitat. That 100-foot standard may be varied if certain qualitative performance standards are met in the development plan. Those performance standards are Section 3.4.1(E)(1).

• The plan proposes excavation to create the City regional detention pond on Lot 1, and using that excavated material as fill on Lot 2 to help enable potential development. The grading removes the part of the channel and its vegetation that runs across Lot 2.

As part of the whole approach, the plan shifts the general 100' buffer from Lot 2 to a mitigation area on Lot 1 in the detention pond. The plan provides plantings in the mitigation area to restore the loss of resource value due to the grading.

NHBZ area as measured 100' around Dry Creek. The tan-colored eastern portion on Lot 2 is to be replaced by a restoration area shown below in red, on the west side



NHBZ mitigation and restoration area on Lot 1 in the proposed plan

~77,013 sq.ft.

 The applicant is responsible for all interim improvements to the City's Hickory Pond and restoration of the NHBZ on Lot 1 per this plan. The City will take over maintenance of Hickory Pond, including the NHBZ area, upon final stabilization of the site when NHBZ mitigation vegetative ground cover targets have been met.



- The plan for the interim pond condition accounts for the City's intention to further excavate the ultimate Hickory Pond in a future capital project. The plan focuses on woody plant materials along the pond's side walls so that trees and shrubs can avoid final condition grading changes.
- Buffer mitigation area on part of the detention pond on Lot 1: as part of future work by the City to construct the ultimate Hickory Pond improvements, a Minor Amendment will be processed and will include design features that mimic and complement the Dry Creek remnant. This is noted on the plan and will be noted in the Development Agreement. Also, the attached 'NHBZ Technical Memo Hickory Pond' explains the approach as agreed by the responsible City departments.

Staff finds that:

- the project is designed to preserve the ecological character and the limited wildlife use of the channel remnant, and adequately mitigates the foreseeable impacts of development, thus meeting subsection 3.4.1(1)(a).
- the project is designed to preserve the most valuable stand of existing trees and vegetation that contributes to the site's ecological, shade, canopy, aesthetic, habitat, and cooling value. Related to requirements for mitigation of loss of existing trees in Landscaping Section 3.2.1(F), trees and vegetation to be removed are mitigated based on values established by the City Environmental Planner including trees, shrubs, and grasses, to be planted within the buffer zone, thus meeting subsection 3.4.1(1)(c).
- The project is designed to maintain or enhance the natural ecological characteristics of the site, including the requirements for future restoration and potential enhancement in the ultimate future detention pond, thus meeting subsection 3.4.1(1)(g).
- Where the development causes disturbance within the buffer zone, the applicant will undertake restoration and mitigation measures within the buffer zone, with replanting of native vegetation. The applicant is undertaking mitigation measures to restore the lost natural resource, thus meeting subsection 3.4.1(2)(b).

D. DIVISION 3.6 - TRANSPORTATION AND CIRCULATION

This Section is intended to ensure that the transportation network of streets, alleys, roadways, and trails is in conformance with adopted transportation plans and policies established by the City.

Applicable Code Standard	Summary of Code Requirement and Analysis	Staff Findings
3.6.1 – Master Street Plan	This Section requires development to be in conformance with the City's Master Street Plan.	Complies
	The proposed segment of North Mason Street is to be constructed as a Collector per the Master Street Plan.	



Applicable Code Standard	Summary of Code Requirement and Analysis	Staff Findings
3.6.2 – Streets, Streetscapes, Alleys, and Easements	This Section requires transportation network improvements to be designed to promote the public health, safety, and welfare of the City, with requirements in accordance with the Larimer County Urban Area Street Standards and requires necessary easements for utilities and access.	Complies
	 The plan introduces a long-planned street connection in the form of a segment of North Mason Street in conformance with standards. 	
	 The plan includes a subdivision plat that dedicates needed ROW and easements. 	
3.6.3 – Street Pattern and Connectivity Standards	This Section requires that development contribute to the local street system with streets designed to be safe, efficient, convenient and attractive considering use by all modes of transportation that will use the system. • The proposed segment of North Mason Street fulfills this requirement.	Complies
3.6.4 – Transportation Level of Service Requirements	This Section contains requirements for the transportation needs of proposed development to be safely accommodated by the existing transportation system, or that appropriate mitigation of impacts will be provided by the development to meet adopted Level of Service (LOS) standards.	Complies
	 A Traffic Impact Study was reviewed and accepted by staff as part of the previously approved Overall Development Plan for North Mason infrastructure. It used assumptions for potential future land uses. It concluded that no operational concerns related to levels of service were identified, and the previous conclusions and approval pertain to this plan for the street. 	
	The 17-page study is attached without its additional 114 pages of numerical tables and appendix background information.	

6. Land Use Code Article 4

The site is zoned C-S, Service Commercial, Division 4.22, which permits the project as Minor Public Facilities. No zone district standards pertain to the plan.



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7. Findings of Fact/Conclusion

In evaluating the request for the Mason Street Infrastructure Project Development Plan/Final Development Plan #FDP230016, staff makes the following findings of fact and conclusions:

- By demonstrating compliance with the specific standards, requirements, and definitions of Articles 1 through 5 of the Land Use Code through the submittal materials for the Project Development Plan/Final Development Plan, this project satisfies and aligns with the purpose of the Land Use Code stated in Section 1.2.2(A) through (O). Specifically, the project satisfies Section 1.2.2(A) because it is consistent with City Plan and the North College Corridor Plan.
- 2. The plan complies with the applicable procedural and administrative requirements of Article 2 of the Land Use Code.
- 3. The plan complies with the applicable standards in Article 3 of the Land Use Code.
- 4. No zone district standards in Article 4 of the Land Use Code are applicable, and the infrastructure project comprises a permitted use classified as Minor Public Facilities.

8. Recommendation

Staff recommends that the Hearing Officer approve the Mason Street Infrastructure Project Development Plan/Final Development Plan #FDP230016, based on the Findings of Fact and supporting explanations found in the staff report, with one condition:

The Final Development Plan will not receive City signature until all Final Development Plan requirements are met
as determined by the Director of Community Development and Neighborhood Services, including but not limited to
the acquisition of all required utility easements and execution of a development agreement, per typical FDP
procedure.

9. Attachments

- 1. Applicant Narrative
- 2. Site and Landscape Plan Set
- 3. Utility Plan Set
- 4. Plat
- 5. Drainage Report
- 6. Ecological Characterization Memo
- 7. NHBZ Memo
- 8. Traffic Impact Study
- 9. Staff Presentation